A Bro Primer

Presenter: Adam Pumphrey, Bricata

000111101010101

Intro

- Working in cybersecurity for about 17 years most of which was with the civilian federal government
- Role and responsibilities have varied but mainly my work has been in network defense and cybersecurity
- First exposure to Bro was in 2009; engineers proposed it as a replacement for a network monitoring tool set that included argus, dsniff and httpry
- Went on to work on a variety of projects, stand up IR teams, build SOC's, design and deploy custom monitoring solutions... Bro has been part of the stack ever since

Purpose

- Many network and security operations personnel don't come from a programming background
- The potential value is apparent, Bro's logs can be used for monitoring, threat detection, incident response and forensics
- Learning the programming language can be a daunting task, but is necessary in order to realize Bro's full potential
- Several concepts that are central to how Bro works are also very relevant to learning the language
- Learning how to perform common, but frequently needed, tasks can be a great way to get started

Bro Core





Things to know...

- You should be able to locate the local.bro policy file, typically here:
 - \$BRO_HOME/share/bro/site/local.bro
- You should understand the purpose and use of Bro's @load directive
 - Very similar to *include* and *import* commands found in other languages
 - Specifies a script (absolute or relative paths) or a module directory
 - If a directory name is specified Bro will attempt to load the __load__.bro file the directory contains

You have defined the Site::local_nets and Site::local_zones variables

Events

Event Interactions





Event Lifecycle



bro_init Generated once, when Bro initializes. Script operations that only need to be executed once in the lifetime of a Bro process should occur in this event handler.

bro_done This Bro process is terminating. Any operations that preserve or cleanup what is in memory should go here.



Connection State Events

new_connection	A new connection has been observed. Generated for every new packet that is not part of a tracked connection. Bro's flow-based definition of connection includes TCP, UDP and ICMP flows.
connection_established	The SYN-ACK packet from a responder in a new connection has been seen. This does not indicate the 3-way handshake has completed. Bro tracks the state either way.
connection_state_remove	A connection is being removed from memory. By this point, all protocol analyzers have attached their data to the connection record and it is about to be written to the conn log stream.
udp_session_done	A UDP transaction has completed. Intended to make UDP handling more like TCP, supported protocols are: DNS, NTP, NetBIOS, Syslog, AYIYA, Teredo, and GTPv1



connection_state_remove and *connection* records





File Analysis Events

file_new	Generated once for each new file Bro identifies and begins to analyze. Contains information about the connection, but nothing about the file.
file_sniff	Generated once, for each analyzed file. Contains the inferred metadata, including mime_type, based on analysis of the first chunk of the file.
file_state_remove	File analysis for a file is ending. At this point the fa_file record contains all of the information gathered by the file analyzers that ran.



file_state_remove and fa_file record







Application Layer Protocol Events

smtp	arp	ssl in	nap xmpp	o smb
udp	modbus	sip	gnutella	irc
dce_rpc	tcp	bittorre	ent gtpv1	rpc
smnp	dhcp	ssh	syslog	krb
ntlm	ntp	teredo	dnp ₃	ident
socks	mysql	rfb	finger	rdp
dns	ncp	ftp	http	icmp
netbios		radius	S	pop 3



Find out more about events...

- List of protocol-independent events Bro generates
 - https://www.bro.org/sphinx/scripts/base/bif/event.bif.bro.html
- Review events generated by the various plugins
 - https://www.bro.org/sphinx/scripts/base/bif/plugins
- Documentation of Files framework and the log_files event
 - <u>https://www.bro.org/sphinx/scripts/base/frameworks/files/main.b</u> <u>ro.html#events</u>
 - file_sniff and other file analysis events are generated by Bro core, see the top URL for more info

Log Streams and Filters

Bro Log Format

- Bro's built-in ASCII writer provides two primary output formats:
 - Tab-delimited (Bro's proprietary log format)
 - JSON
- The default is tab-delimited, but you can enable JSON with Bro Script

Enable JSON Logging
redef LogAscii::use_json = T;

Specify the timestamp format, epoch is default
redef LogAscii::json_timestamps = "JSON::TS_ISO8601";

```
#separator \x09
#set_separator ,
#empty_field (empty)
#unset_field -
#path conn
#open 2017-08-14-20-02-32
#fields ts uid id.orig_h id.orig_p id.resp_h id.resp_p...
#types time string addr port addr port enum string...
1502741076.550466 C1CxFS3pdJ8kwbmnMl 172.16.253.131 1046...
```



Bro Logs – JSON Format

{

}

```
"ts":"2017-08-14T20:04:36.550466Z",
"uid":"C1CxFS3pdJ8kwbmnM1",
"id.orig h":"172.16.253.131",
"id.orig p":1046,
"id.resp h":"64.90.61.19",
"id.resp p":80,
"proto":"tcp",
"service":"http",
"duration":0.853405,
"orig bytes":316,
```

•••

```
event bro_init()
{
```

```
# Load the default filter of the Conn log
local filter = Log::get_filter(Conn::LOG, "default");
```

Specify a new filter name
filter\$name = cat(filter\$name, "-json");

•••



Enable JSON for specific streams – Configure JSON options

```
...
# Specify a new stream path
filter$path = cat(filter$path, "-json");
```

```
# Add the config options to the filter
filter$config = table(
    ["use_json"] = "T",
    ["json_timestamps"] = "JSON::TS_ISO8601");
```

Apply the modified default filter Log::add_filter(Conn::LOG, filter);

}



Disable a Log Stream

```
# Disable the communication log
event bro_init()
{
   Log::disable_stream(Communication::LOG);
}
```



```
# Handle the bro init event
event bro init()
    # Retrieve the default filter for the HTTP log stream
    local f = Log::get filter(HTTP::LOG, "default");
    # Define a new value for the "include" field
    f$include = set("ts",
                    "id.orig h",
                    "host",
                    "uri");
    # Add the modified default filter back to the HTTP log
    Log::add filter(HTTP::LOG, f);
```



}

```
# Handle the bro init event
event bro_init()
    ł
    # Remove the default filter
    Log::remove default filter(SMTP::LOG);
    # Add a new filter, use the exclude field
    Log::add filter(SMTP::LOG,
                     [$name = "no smtp_recips",
                      $exclude = set("rcptto")]
                   );
    }
```

```
# Log only select events
event bro init()
      # Remove the default filter
      Log::remove default filter(SMTP::LOG);
      # Provide an argument to the $pred option
      Log::add filter(SMTP::LOG,
                       [$name = "incoming email",
                       $pred(rec: SMTP::Info) = {
            return ! Site::is local addr(rec$id$orig h);
                      1);
```



Route events based on their content – Define the function

Function to return desired log file name function sort_mail(id: Log::ID, path: string, rec: SMTP::Info): string

```
{
if (Site::is_local_addr(rec$id$orig_h) &&
    ( ! Site::is_local_addr(rec$id$resp_h)))
    return "outgoing_email";
else if ( ! Site::is_local_addr(rec$id$orig_h) &&
        Site::is_local_addr(rec$id$resp_h) )
    return "incoming_email";
```

```
event bro_init()
{
    # Remove the default filter
    Log::remove_default_filter(SMTP::LOG);

    # Use sort_mail for the path function
    Log::add_filter(SMTP::LOG,
        [$name = "email_sorter",
            $path_func = sort_mail
        ]);
}
```

Add a field to a log stream – Modify the Info record

```
# Redef the Conn::Info record
export {
    # Add the new pcr field
    redef record Conn::Info += {
        pcr: double &log &optional;
    };
}
```



Add a field to a log stream – Populate the field

```
# Handle the appropriate event
event connection state remove(c: connection) & priority=3
    # Verify required fields exists
    if ( ! c$conn?$orig bytes | ! c$conn?$resp bytes ) {
        return;
    # Test for specific field value conditions
    else if (c$conn$orig bytes == 0 && c$conn$resp bytes == 0 ) {
        c\conn\protect\ = \ 0.0;
    # Calculate the new value and store in the pcr field
    else {
        local n = (c\conn\convert bytes + 0.0) - (c\conn\convert bytes + 0.0);
        local d = (c\conn\constant) bytes + 0.0) + (c\conn\constant) bytes + 0.0);
        local x = (n / d);
        c\c = x;
```

Adding a new log stream

 Sample Use Case – Separately log flow and SSL information about potential file downloads occurring over HTTPS

3 parts:

- 1. Set up the environment
- 2. Create the log stream
- 3. Write events to the stream

Add a New Log Stream

Set up the script environment

Load the required scripts
@load ./calculate_pcr
@load base/utils/site

Define a module namespace module https_transfer;



Define export block for module declarations

```
# Export the required objects
export {
   # Redef the Log::ID enum to include our module's stream
   redef enum Log::ID += {
       LOG
   };
   # Define an Info record for the log
   type Info: record {
       ts:
                       time
                                      &log;
       uid:
                       string
                                      &log;
       orig h:
                       addr
                                      &log;
       resp h:
                      addr
                                      &log;
                      double
       pcr:
                                      &log;
       bytes received: count
                                      &log;
       server name:
                       string
                                      &log;
       subject:
                       string
                                      &log;
       issuer:
                       string
                                      &log;
   };
```

global log_https_transfer: event(rec: https_transfer::Info);

```
# Create the stream inside the bro_init event handler
event bro_init()
{
Log::create_stream(https_transfer::LOG,
[
$columns=https_transfer::Info,
$ev=log_https_transfer,
$path="https_transfers"
]);
```



Test traffic conditions with the IF statement



Write the Info record to the log stream

```
•••
# Create and populate the Info record
local rec = https transfer::Info(
  $ts = c$start time,
  $uid = c$uid,
  $orig_h = c$id$orig_h,
  $resp h = c$id$resp h,
  pcr = cconnpcr,
  $bytes received = c$conn$resp bytes,
  $server name = c$ssl?$server name ?
                      c$ssl$server_name : "",
  $subject = c$ssl?$subject ? c$ssl$subject : "",
  $issuer = c$ssl?$issuer ? c$ssl$issuer :
);
# Write the Info record to the log stream
Log::write(https transfer::LOG, rec);
}
```

}

Additional Resources

- Script Reference, supplement to the documentation pulled from source code comments:
 - https://www.bro.org/sphinx/script-reference/index.html
 - Operators
 - Types
 - Attributes
 - Declarations and Statements
 - Directives
- FloCon 2014 PCR Presentation by Cater Bullard and John Gerth
 - <u>https://qosient.com/argus/presentations/Argus.FloCon.2014.PCR.P</u> <u>resentation.pdf</u>

