

How We Use Bro at NCSA

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Why We Use Bro At NCSA

- Security engineer = operational security
- Incident Response leans heavily on Bro

Bro's Triumphs

- Malware Hash Registry
- Message: 192.168.1.3 md5hash
<http://badurl.com/dangerousfile>

Connection: 192.168.1.3->1.2.3.4

orig/src hostname: host.ncsa.illinois.edu

resp/dst hostname: badhost.com

Bro's Triumphs (II)

- Incorrect File Type
- Message: application/x-dosexec GET http://badhost.com/badfile.txt

Connection: 192.168.1.3-> 1.2.3.4

Connection uid: DoRC4Vi2LB6

orig/src hostname: host.ncsa.uiuc.edu

resp/dst hostname: badhost.com

Bro's Triumphs (III)

- SQLI
- Message: An SQL injection victim was discovered!
Address: 192.168.1.3

SQL Injection samples

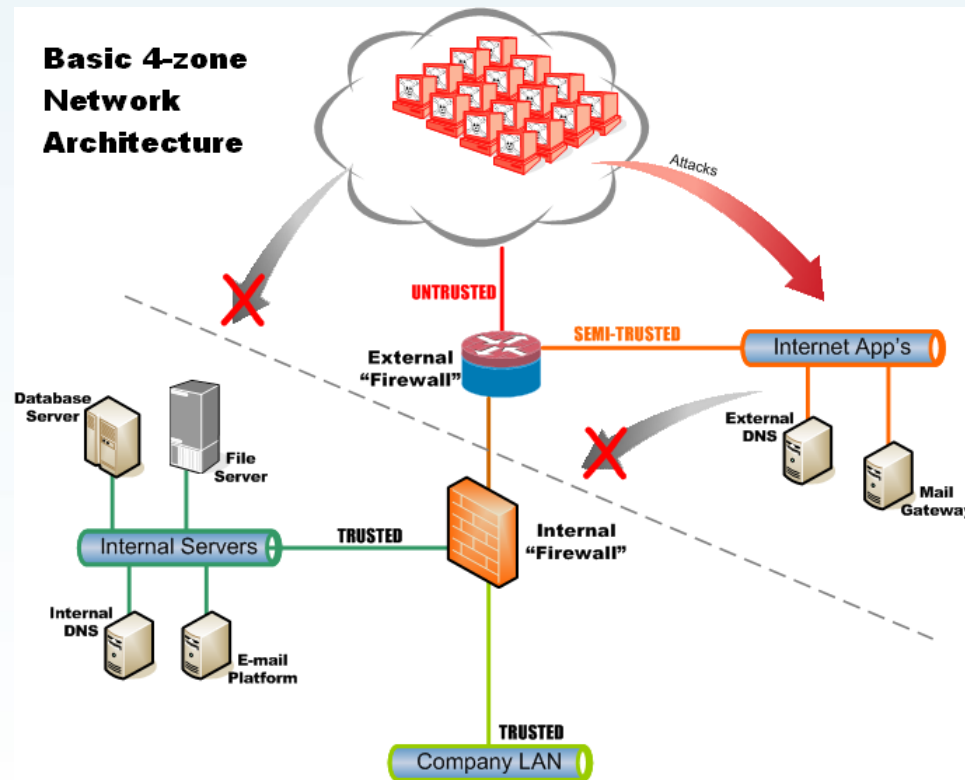
```
/index.php?module=subjects&func=viewpage&pageid=1%20UNION%20select%201,1,1,pass,uname,"","","","",,0,1,1,1,1%20from%20users%20where%20uname='Admin'
```

Other Uses for Bro

- Asset management
- Misconfigurations
- Security Issues

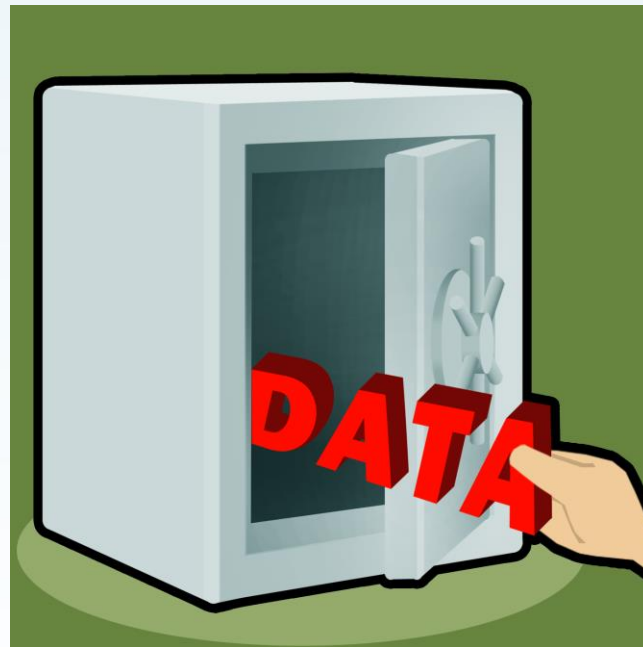
Vetting

- Security Zones
- How can you know your network if you don't know what hosts exist?



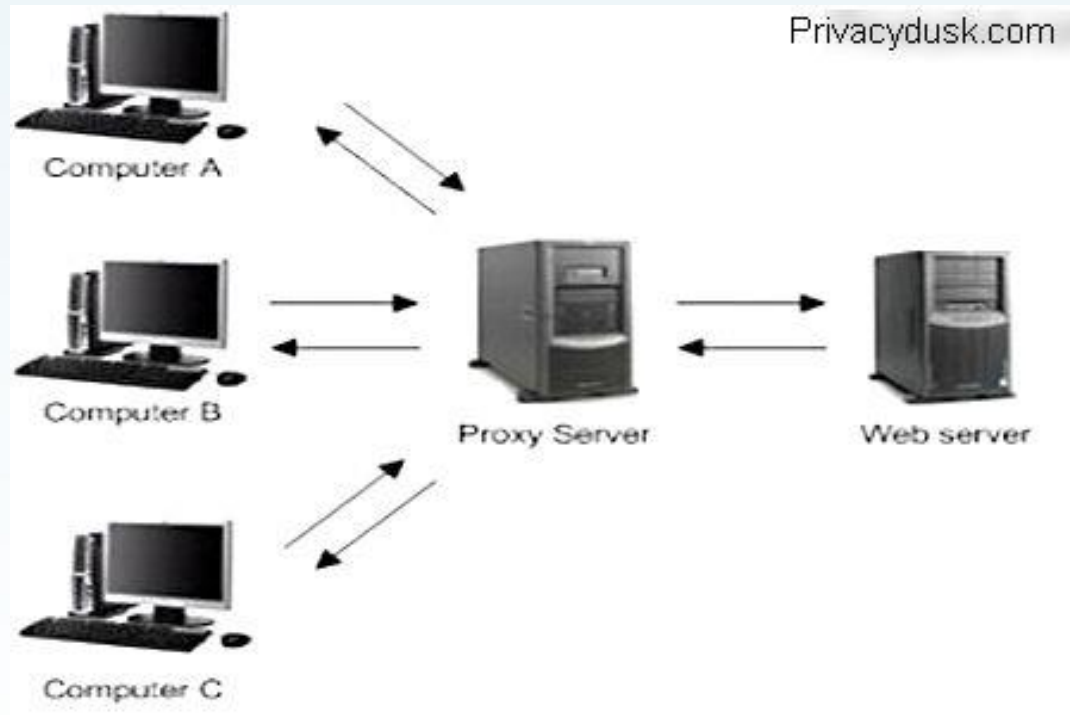
Syslog

- How to get everyone to play how we want?
- Protect sensitive info



Open Proxy Detection

- Are our hosts being too nice?
- Bro finds socks proxies already



Hidden Spam

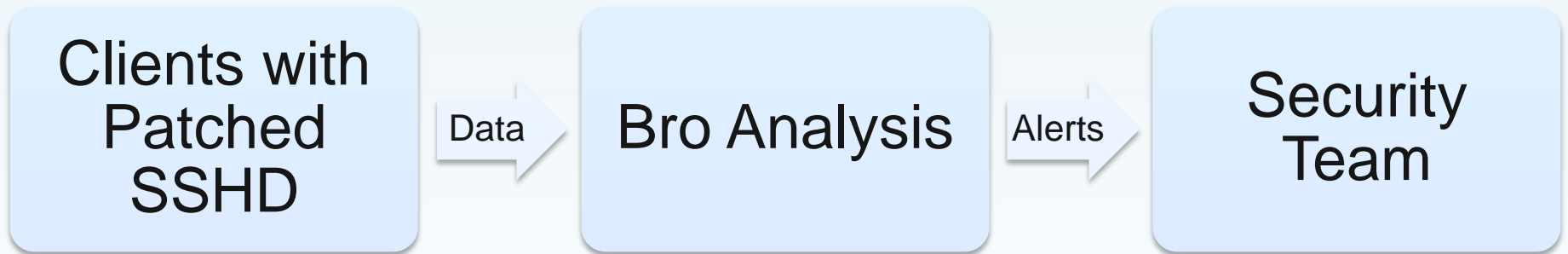
- Go to website, all looks fine
- Google search, pharma spam abounds

```
const hidden_spam_name =
```

```
    /[vV][iI][aA][gG][rR][aA]/ |  
    /[cC][iI][aA][lL][iI][sS]/ |  
    /[pP][hH][aA][rR][mM][aA][cC][yY]/ |  
    /[cC][aA][nN][aA][dD][aA]/ |  
    /[cC][aA][nN][aA][dD][iI][aA][nN]/ |  
    /[aA][uU][sS][tT][rR][aA][lL][iI][aA]/ &redef;
```

Bro With Auditing SSHD

- Patched SSHD to capture commands/output
- Bro to alert based on data



Flashback Trojan

- No insight to it on our network
- User agent/URI check

```
function check_flashback_ua(c: connection)
```

```
{
```

```
  # Checking for "id:<-style string>" in the user_agent
```

```
  if (/ id\:[a-zA-Z0-9]+\-[a-zA-Z0-9]+\-[a-zA-Z0-9]+\-[a-zA-Z0-9]+\-[a-zA-Z0-9]+\)/ in c$http$user_agent)
```

```
function check_flashback_uri(c: connection)
```

```
{
```

```
  # Now check for the right strings
```

```
  if (/^\/(stat_u|stat_n|stat_d|scheck|stat_svc|auupdate|owncheck)\// in c$http$uri)
```

Java Drive By

- Many of our issues are drive by malware
- User education can only do so much

```
event connection_state_remove(c: connection)
{
  if ( ! Site::is_local_addr(c$id$orig_h) ) return;
  if ( ! c?$http ) return;
  if ( ! c$http?$user_agent ) return;
  if ( bad_user_agents !in c$http$user_agent ) return;
  if ( c$http?$mime_type && c$http$mime_type == "application/x-dosexec" )
    do_java_drive_by_notice(c);
  else if ( c$http?$uri && /\.exe/ in c$http$uri )
    do_java_drive_by_notice(c);
}
```

Known Bad

- Honeypots are useful
- Hacking becomes patterned

const sensitive_URLs =

/. *0304-exploits\sormail\.c/		## exploit package
/. *0x333shadow\tar\.gz/		## honeypot download
/. *21book\.zip/		## feebz.worm
/. *64sys.* /		## honeypot download
/. *6_cronDts\tgz/		## honeypot download
/. *8_go\tgz/		## honeypot download
/. *9xq\ _gate\.php/		## zeus PII stealing bot

Where to Next?

- Sumstats
- Active Response
- Internal Defense